

Workshop Business Angels: Financial Planning

Process is more important than Outcome!

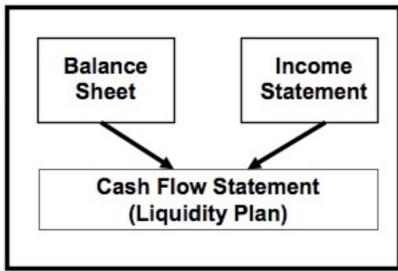
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28.4.2009

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Overview: Financial Statements

Substance Equity Long-term



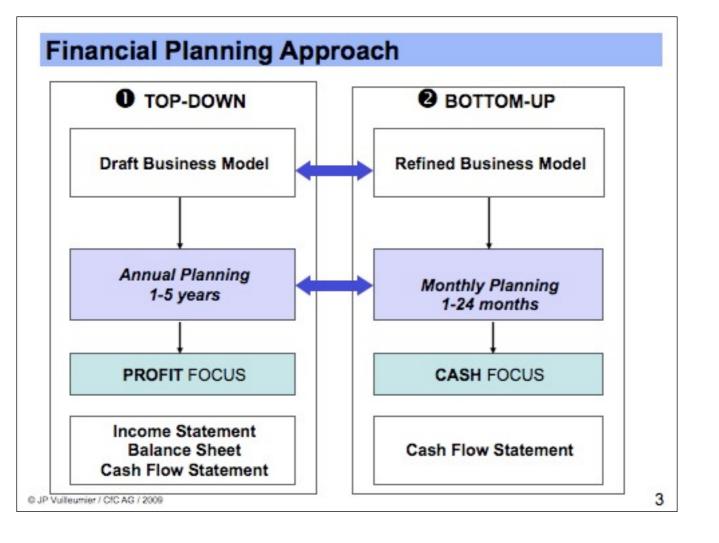
Profitability
Net profit
Mid-term
FOOD

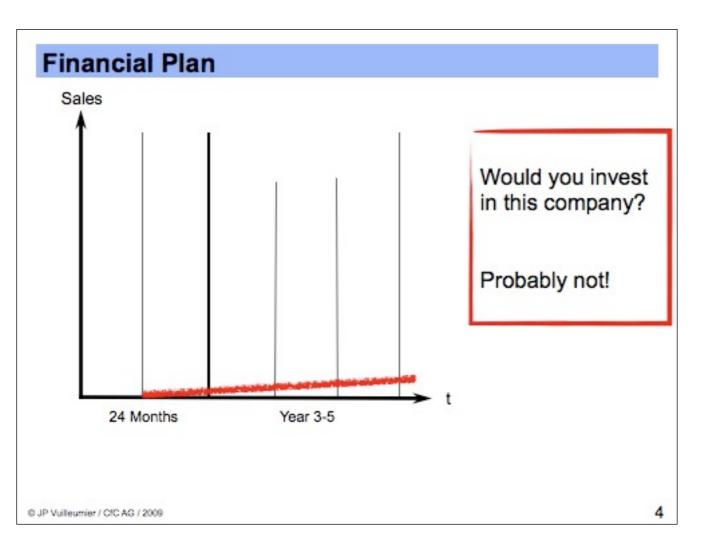
Liquidity

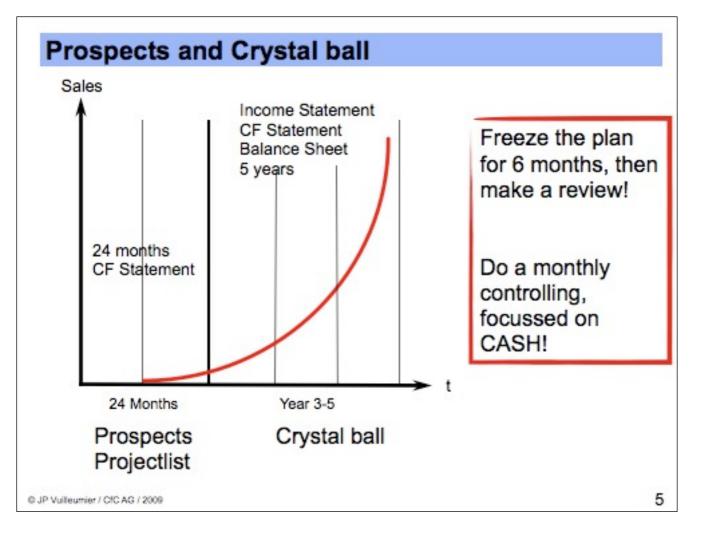
CASH is King

Short-term

OXYGEN







Business Model

Sales Model

Product Mix (Offering)
Customers
Countries
Distribution Channels
Life cycle
Decision time
Frequency
Pricing & Quantity

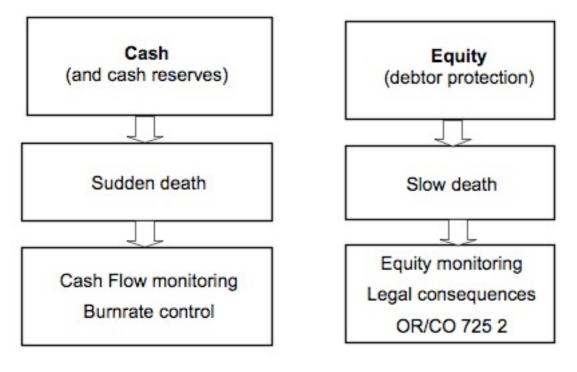
=>> SALES

Resources Model

Suppliers
Pricing
Quantity
Production time
Time of storage
Inventory
Human resources
(for Production)

=>> C O G S
Costs of Goods Sold

Decision Rules Financial Planning



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OR / CO 725 tactics

Start with a high enough Equity for initial operations

- -The company will need the money anyway
- -Subordinate the loans, especially shareholder loans

Who could take action against your company?

- -Pay your creditors, especially governmental debts (especially for Board Members)
- Negotiation ahead of time with your creditors

Cash Flow Statement (the old way)

Cash Inflow

+ Cash inflow from receivables + Increase of debt (bank & loan)	300 150
+ Increase in paid in capital (equity)	100
Total Cash Inflow	550

Cash Outflow

Total Cash Outflow	-500
- Investments in fixed assets (CAPEX)	-150
 Rent, Interests and Taxes 	-50
- Salaries (incl. social costs)	-200
 Cash outflow from payables (suppliers) 	-100

CHANGE IN CASH

1.1. Cash status 40
 31.12. Cash status 90

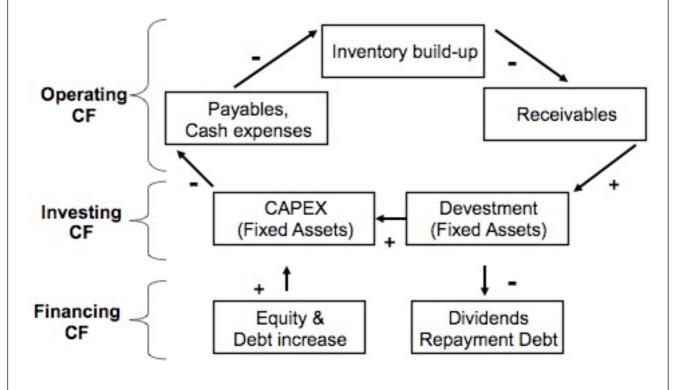
Information Value?

Limited to the Change in CASH!

But no explanation why?

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Cash Cycle and state of the art structure



+50

Cash Flow Statement (the	mod	dern way)
+ Cash inflow from receivables	300	
- Cash outflow from payables (suppliers)	-100	
- Salaries (incl. social costs)	-200	
- Rent, Interests and Taxes	-50	
Cash Flow from operations (direct)	-50	CASH DRAIN
- Investments in fixed assets (CAPEX)	-150	
Cash Flow from investments	-150	Information Value?
CAPITAL NEED / Free Cash Flow	-200	
		Shows the origins
+ Increase of debt (bank & loan)	150	of the Change in
+ Increase in paid in capital (equity)	100	
Cash Flow from financing	250	Odon.
CHANGE IN CASH	+50	
1.1. Cash status 40		break-even and
31.12. Cash status 90 (Burnrate)		the capital need!

Burn Rate

To be calculated on a monthly basis, with the following assumptions:

-no cash-in from customers

- -all cash-out for suppliers
- -Salaries of all FTE, including social costs
- -Rent and Leases
- -Interest and Taxes
- -other fixed cash-costs (telecom, traveling etc)

If you divide the CASH at hand with this figure, you will find out, how many months your company can survive without any cash-inflow from sales!

6-12 months would just be great (financing round takes time!)

How to save CASH?

- -Leasing to be preferred (pay as you earn)
- -Fly economy
- -Buy second hand furniture (or IKEA)
- -Buy second hand equipment
- -Tight control on receivables and payables
 - -negotiate payment terms, upfront from customers
 - -Deferred payment to suppliers
 - -Success fees (consulting)
- -Reduce inventory level
- -Flexible work force (freelancer/mandates to start with)
- -Low fixed salaries, short notice, partly kept as loan

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Result

Capital Need

Use of Funds

Understand the Key Figures:

- -Sale
- -Net Profit (avoid EBIT, EBITDA and more)
- -Capital Need (Free Cash Flow)
- Number of employees

Summary

Start the process early

Have several scenarios

Document the assumptions behind the figures

Freeze the plan for some time (self-fulfilling plan)

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Thank you



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Innovation Promotion Agency CTI



Thanks for your attention.

Happy to take your questions.

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Obligationenrecht / Code des Obligations (OR/CO)

Links:

http://edcorner.stanford.edu/index.html